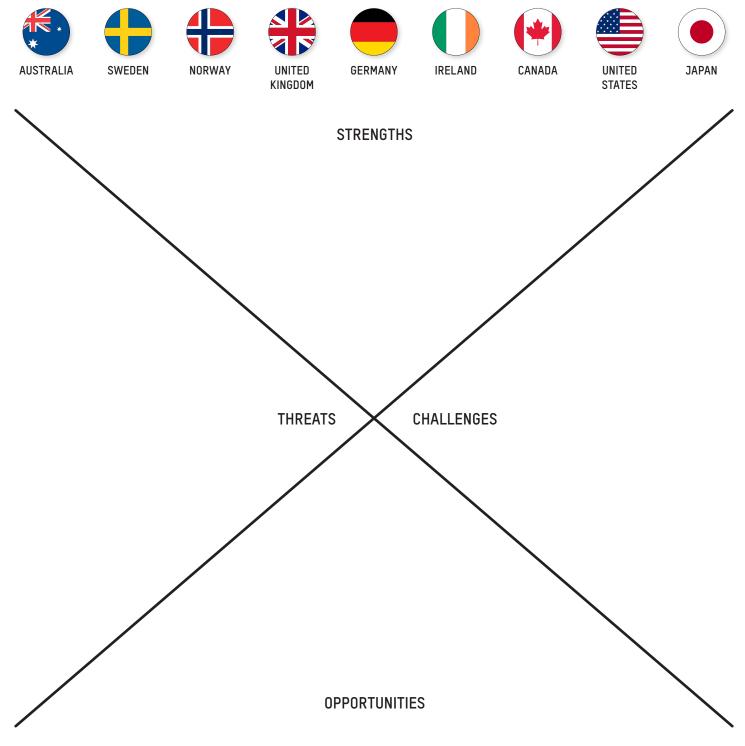
## SCOT ANALYSIS CHART ACTIVITY 2: WORKSHEET – FOREIGN AID RANKING EXERCISE

Cut out the names of the following countries and then arrange them to from highest to lowest percentage of Gross National Income that state provides to foreign aid.



When you have finished, ask your teacher for the correct order.





## STUDENT WORKSHEET – ACTIVITY 2: WORKSHEET – SHORT ANSWER RESEARCH EXERCISE

Using Oxfam Australia and Campaign for Australian Aid's websites, plus <a href="http://devpolicy.org/aidtracker/trends/">http://devpolicy.org/aidtracker/trends/</a> research and answer the following questions:

1. What percentage of Gross National Income does Australia currently contribute to foreign aid?

2. How does this percentage compare to 2010? If this percentage has changed, how and for what reason?

3. Research some of the comments and statements made to justify these changes in foreign aid allocation. In your opinion, do these reasons justify the cuts to foreign aid?

Denmark, Luxemburg, Norway and the United Kingdom exceed the United Nations official development assistance (ODA) target of 0.7 per cent of Goss National Income. Select one of these countries and complete the following table:

	AUSTRALIA	OTHER COUNTRY
Percentage of foreign aid in relation to GNI		
Amount allocated to foreign aid in 2015 in US Dollars		
Income per capita ranking		
List programs and countries where existing foreign aid is being directed		

For the next questions, turn to a peer and get their perspective on sustainable development and foreign aid. Summarize their answers in preparation for a class discussion.

Discussion questions:

- Should Australia increase its spending on foreign aid?
- How should this be implemented?
- In what areas of development should foreign aid be directed?
- Which countries and projects should receive the most foreign aid?
- How are countries with smaller economies to Australia able to allocate a higher percentage of GNI toward foreign aid?

